Reading-word reading

- apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words
- ■respond speedily with the correct sound to graphemes (letters or groups of letters) for all 40+ phonemes, including, where applicable, alternative sounds for graphemes
- ■read accurately by blending sounds in unfamiliar words containing GPCs that have been taught
- •read common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word
- •read words containing taught GPCs and -s, -es, ing, -ed, -er and -est endings
- •read other words of more than one syllable that contain taught GPCs
- •read words with contractions [for example, I'm, I'll, we'll], and understand that the apostrophe represents the omitted letter(s)
- •read aloud accurately books that are consistent with their developing phonic knowledge and that do not require them to use other strategies to work out words
- •re-read these books to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading.

Writing- Handwriting

- •sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortably and correctly
- begin to form lower-case letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the right place
- •form capital letters
- •form digits 0-9
- •understand which letters belong to which handwriting

Reading-Comprehension

- develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by:
- •listening to and discussing a wide range of poems, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently
- •being encouraged to link what they read or hear read to their own experiences
- becoming very familiar with key stories, fairy stories and traditional tales, retelling them and considering their particular characteristics
- •recognising and joining in with predictable phrases
- •learning to appreciate rhymes and poems, and to recite some by heart
- •discussing word meanings, linking new meanings to those already known
- •understand both the books they can already read accurately and fluently and those they listen to by:
- drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher
- •checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading
- discussing the significance of the title and events
- •making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done
- ■predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far
- participate in discussion about what is read to them, taking turns and listening to what others say
- explain clearly their understanding of what is read

Writing- Composition

- write sentences by:
- saying out loud what they are going to write about
- composing a sentence orally before writing it
- sequencing sentences to form short narratives
- re-reading what they have written to check that it makes sense
- discuss what they have written with the teacher or other pupils
- read aloud their writing clearly enough to be heard by their peers and the teacher.

Spelling

Spell:

- words containing each of the 40+ phonemes already taught
- common exception words
- ■the days of the week

Name the letters of the alphabet:

- •naming the letters of the alphabet in order
- using letter names to distinguish between alternative spellings of the same sound
- •add prefixes and suffixes:
- •using the spelling rule for adding –s or –es as the plural marker for nouns and the third person singular marker for verbs
- ■using the prefix un-
- •using -ing, -ed, -er and -est where no change is needed in the spelling of root words [for example, helping, helped, helper, eating, quicker, quickest]
- apply simple spelling rules and guidance, as listed in English Appendix 1
- •write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs and common exception words taught so far.



End of Year Expectations for Literacy

Year 1

Writing-Vocabulary, grammar and punctuation

- leaving spaces between words
- •joining words and joining clauses using and
- beginning to punctuate sentences using a capital letter and a full stop, question mark or exclamation mark
- •using a capital letter for names of people, places, the days of the week, and the personal pronoun 'l'